

# Mac mini Late 2014 Teardown

Mac mini Late 2014 teardown on October 20, 2014.

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#### INTRODUCTION

It's been two years since the Mac mini's last appearance on iFixit's teardown table, but a newly revised version joins Apple's lineup this week. Is this truly a refreshed mini, or merely a mini-refresh? Stay tuned to find out just what two years of innovation has to say for itself—it's Mac mini teardown time.

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[video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g7lk36W5oDo]



#### **TOOLS:**

- iFixit Opening Tools (1)
- TR6 Torx Security Screwdriver (1)
- T5 Torx Screwdriver (1)
- T8 Torx Screwdriver (1)

## Step 1 — Mac mini Late 2014 Teardown





- Apple's "affordable powerhouse" offers a range of hardware configurations (but no gold color option, so you can't configure for bling). Our unit's internals include:
  - 1.4 GHz Dual-Core Intel Core i5 (Turbo Boost up to 2.7 GHz) with 3 MB L3 cache
  - 4 GB of 1600 MHz LPDDR3 memory
  - 500 GB Hard Drive
  - Intel HD Graphics 5000
  - 802.11ac Wi-Fi + Bluetooth 4.0
  - OS X Yosemite





- The backside of the mini remains almost identical to the previous iteration. The only change is the omission of a FireWire port in favor of an extra Thunderbolt 2 port.
- (i) The Mac mini Late 2014 retains the model number identifier of A1347, but is distinguished by the EMC number 2840.







- Gone are the <u>handy thumb indents and indicators</u>. This mini doesn't appear to have twist-off bottom cover!
  - (i) We've got a bad feeling about this.
- A flick of our bottle opener plastic opening tool pops this (lower) cap off.
- Well that was nice! But now we're greeted with something new: a solid door where there was once handy access to the RAM and fan.
  - We're starting to feel like the locks on our apartment changed and we weren't given the new keys...





- Time to break down the door and see what's changed inside. The plastic bottom cover snaps onto three screws—three TR6 Torx Security screws. Really? Rude.
- This is the smallest Torx Security screw we've ever seen—our kits go down to T7 Security, so we asked our tool design team to get improvising.
- improvisation complete! Our packrat engineers produced a lone prototype T6 Torx Security screwdriver, a tool we originally abandoned because nobody had seen such a screw used in real life
  - Thanks, Apple.
    - (i) We'll get this ridiculous driver in the store shortly.





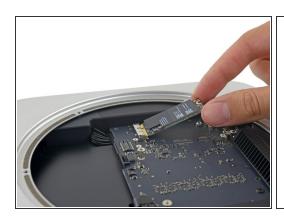
- After a bit of work—more than we were expecting—we're able to flip the Wi-Fi antenna/shield plate out of the way.
- Unfortunately, we're not home free yet. One end of the Wi-Fi antenna cable is clamped firmly to the plate, while the other end is screwed down onto the logic board.

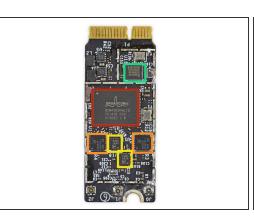


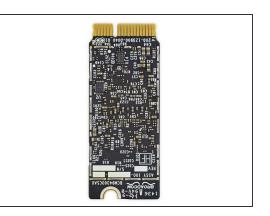




- Upon removal, the fan seems identical to the one from the previous model—but let's not be too quick to judge a fan by its cover.
  - Advanced Hydraulic Bearing
- Hmm. Interesting. What exactly is Advanced Hydraulic Bearing? Let's find out. According to <u>Asia Vital Components</u>:
  - AHB "consists of a polished steel shaft, a sintered bearing and fluid lubricant." In this system
    there "is no contact between shaft and bearing" and thus "the bearing load is carried solely by a
    film of fluid lubricant."
- (i) AHB is best for fans that operate at a lower speed. It's better at absorbing shock and dampening vibration than traditional ball bearings, making for a quieter fan.



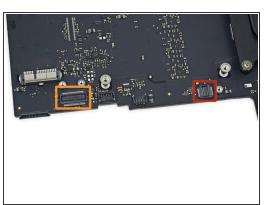




- The AirPort card is dispatched after removing one screw and disconnecting two more antennas from their sockets.
- (i) Gone is the funky <u>cable-connected AirPort card</u> of yesteryear, this AirPort card is now full-fledged PCIe, supporting Wi-Fi ac.
  - Let's take a look at the ICs found on the AirPort card:
    - Broadcom <u>BCM4360KML1G</u> 5G WiFi 3-Stream 802.11ac Gigabit Transceiver
    - Skyworks <u>SE5516</u> Dual-Band 802.11a/b/g/n/ac WLAN Front-End Module
    - RF Micro RFFM4293 2.5 GHz FEMS and RFFM4591 5 GHz FEMS
    - Broadcom <u>BCM20702</u> Single-Chip Bluetooth 4.0 HCl Solution with Bluetooth Low Energy Support

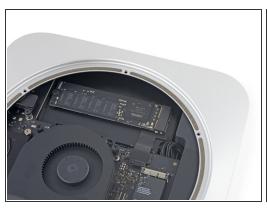


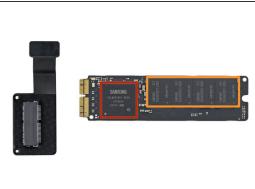




- Using our handy hand-powered <u>Mac mini logic board removal tool</u>, we handily remove our Mac mini's handsome logic board.
- While past Mac minis have featured two SATA ports, allowing users to <u>upgrade their base model</u> with an extra hard drive, this year we only get one.
- However, this empty socket over here may well be a spot for a PCIe cable, enabling the installation of a blade SSD.
  - (i) More on this once we get our hands on a Fusion-equipped Mac mini.

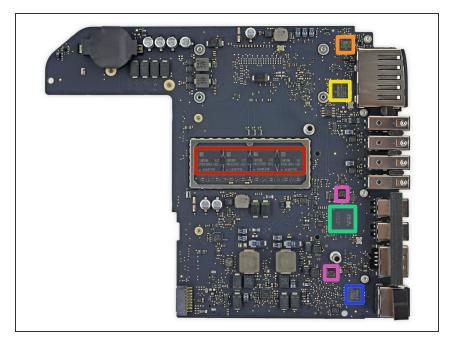
#### Step 9 — Update



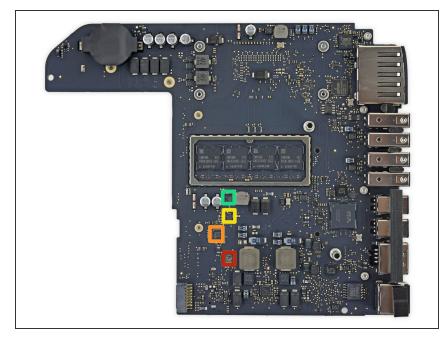




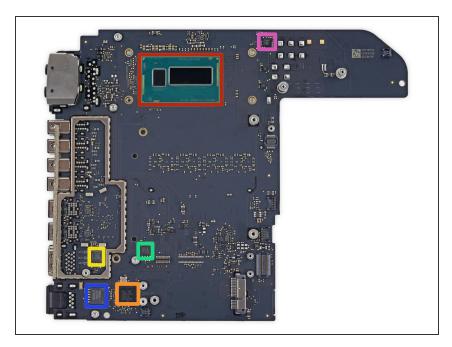
- True to our word, we cracked open a Fusion drive equipped Mac mini, and it looks like our suspicions were accurate.
- The empty connector is now filled—by a PCIe cable, glued to the top of the hard drive tray.
- The SSD matches the one we found in the MacBook Air 13" Mid 2013 with the same chips:
  - Samsung S4LN053X01-8030 (ARM) flash controller
  - 8 x <u>Samsung K9LDGY8SIC-XCK0</u> 16 GB flash storage
  - Samsung <u>K4P2G324ED</u> 512 MB RAM



- Let's have a look at the ICs on the logic board:
  - Samsung K4E8E304EE-EGCE 8Gb LPDDR3 DRAM (8 Gb x 4 = 32 Gb = 4 GB)
    - Unfortunately, the RAM is soldered to the logic board.
      This means that if you want to upgrade the RAM, you can only do so at time of purchase.
  - Cirrus Logic 4208-CRZ Audio Codec (a returning champion from a bevy of recent Apple products including the Mid 2013 MacBook Air and Mac Pro)
  - Broadcom <u>BCM57766A1KMLG</u>
     Ethernet PCle Controller with
     SD3.0 Card Reader and ASF 2.0
  - Intel <u>DSL5520</u> Thunderbolt 2 Controller
  - Delta Electronics LFE8904C-F
     Discrete LAN Filter
  - NXP 6142F and NXPPCA9501BS 8-bit I/O Expander



- The IC party continues:
  - Microchip Technology <u>1428-7</u>
     <u>420BE5A BMY</u> System
     Management Bus (SMBus)
     Temperature Sensor
  - Cypress Semiconductor
     CY7C63833 LTXC enCoRe II
     Low Speed USB Peripheral
     Controller
  - Texas Instruments <u>TPS51916</u>
     DDR3 Memory Power Solution
     Synchronous Buck Controller
  - Texas Instruments <u>58873D</u>
     Synchronous Buck NexFET
     Power Block MOSFET Pair



- The IC after-party:
  - Intel Core <u>i5-4260U</u> Processor with Intel HD Graphics 5000
  - Texas Instruments/Stellaris
     <u>LM4FS1EH</u> Microcontroller
  - Parade <u>PS8401A</u> HDMI Jitter
     Cleaning Repeater
  - Macronix <u>MX25L6406E</u> 64 Mb
     CMOS Serial Flash
  - Delta Electronics LFE8904C-F
     Discrete LAN Filter
  - Intersil 958 26AHRZ M419VL

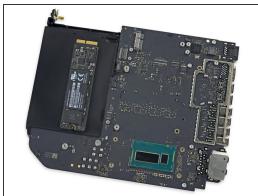




- We've got the power (supply) at the tips of our fingers. It's an easy extraction, even if it took a while to get here.
- We get a slight rush before we realize it is the <u>same as the 2012</u> model...which was the same as the <u>2011</u> edition.
  - in the immortal words of Gertrude Stein, "This is the lesson that history teaches: *Repetition.*" (Put another way: Apple doesn't fall far from the tree.)







- Before we go, let's pull out the hard drive tray and take a look at the platter drive our mini came loaded with.
- Tucked under the tray: a 500 GB, 5400 RPM HGST hard drive, coming in at 2.5" wide and 7 mm thin.
- And on the top of the tray, a promising mounting point for a blade-style PCIe SSD, presumably what we'll find in a Mac mini equipped with Fusion Drive.
  - To test just how promising, we dropped in the SSD from our <u>recently torn down 27" Retina 5K iMac</u> (and used its mounting screw). Looks like a nice fit!





- Mac mini Late 2014 Repairability: 6 out of 10 (10 is easiest to repair).
- There's no glue anywhere inside that needs to be removed while disassembling the mini.
- With the proper tools, disassembly is straight-forward and simple.
- T6 Torx Security screws are intended to lock you out of your mini, and make it hard to clean the fan or replace the hard drive.
- The CPU is soldered to the logic board and not user-upgradeable.
- The RAM is now also soldered to the logic board, and not user-upgradeable.